Hierarchical Phrase-Based Translation with Weighted Finite State Transducers

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#### Hierarchical Translation with WFSTs

- Introducing HiFST
- Example
- Lattice Construction over the CYK grid
- Delayed Translation
- Pruning



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## Hierarchical Translation with WFSTsIntroducing HiFST

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## Introducing HiFST I

- HiFST: New hierarchical decoder that uses lattices (WFSTs) rather than k-best lists
- Why use Lattices instead of k-best lists?
  - Compactness and Efficiency
  - Semiring Operations
    - rmepsilon,determinize, minimize, compose, prune shortestpath, ...
  - WFSTs: OpenFST, available at openfst.org (Allauzen et al. 2007)

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## Introducing HiFST II



- classical CYK algorithm: source side, hypotheses recombination, no pruning
  - Given a sentence s<sub>1</sub>...s<sub>J</sub>, find out every derivation starting at cell (S, 1, J)
- Lattices L(N, x, y) are built for each cell following back-pointers of the grid
  - Objective is lattice  $\mathcal{L}(S, 1, J)$ , at the top of the grid

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- Consider sentence s<sub>1</sub>s<sub>2</sub>s<sub>3</sub>
- We are looking for  $\mathcal{L}(S, 1, 3)$ 
  - Represents all the translations generated by derivations covering span s<sub>1</sub>s<sub>2</sub>s<sub>3</sub>
- Toy grammar:

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#### Example II Phrase-based Scenario



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#### Example III Hierarchical Scenario



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 Rule lattices are merged (i.e. with union) into one single (top) cell lattice

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#### Lattice Construction over the CYK grid

A cell lattice is a union of rule lattices:

$$\mathcal{L}(N, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \bigoplus_{r \in \mathcal{R}(N, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y})} \mathcal{L}(N, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, r)$$
(1)

A rule lattice is a concatenation of element lattices:

$$\mathcal{L}(N, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{r}) = \bigotimes_{i=1..|\alpha^{r}|} \mathcal{L}(N, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{r}, i)$$
(2)

An **element lattice** may be a simple arc binding two states (terminal, i.e. word) or a sublattice (non-terminal):

$$\mathcal{L}(N, x, y, r, i) = \begin{cases} \mathcal{A}(\alpha_i) & \text{if } \alpha_i \in \mathbf{T} \\ \mathcal{L}(N', x', y') & \text{else} \end{cases}$$
(3)

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#### A procedure for lattice translation



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### **Delayed Translation I**

- As the algorithm goes up the grid, lattices grow in complexity
  - Severe memory and speed problems
- Solution: Delay translation using unique pointers to sublattices → skeleton lattices
- Once the building procedure has finished, i.e. L(S, 1, J) has been built, just expand it...
  - Substituting recursively each special unique pointer by appropriate sublattice

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### **Delayed Translation II**



lattices with translated text

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### **Delayed Translation III**

Easily implemented. Formally, we define g(N, x, y) as the unique pointer for a given cell. Then change Equation **??**:

$$\mathcal{L}(N, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{r}, \mathbf{i}) = \left\{ egin{array}{cc} \mathcal{A}(lpha_i) & ext{if } lpha_i \in \mathbf{T} \\ \mathcal{L}(N', \mathbf{x}', \mathbf{y}') & ext{else} \end{array} 
ight.$$

into:

$$\mathcal{L}(N, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{r}, \mathbf{i}) = \begin{cases} \mathcal{A}(\alpha_i) & \text{if } \alpha_i \in \mathbf{T} \\ \mathcal{A}(g(N', \mathbf{x}', \mathbf{y}')) & \text{else} \end{cases}$$
(4)

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Summary

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## **Delayed Translation IV**



- Usual operations (rmepsilon, determinize, minimize, etc) still work!
- Reduction of lattice size

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- Final translation lattice L(S, 1, J) typically requires pruning
  - Compose with Language Model of target words
  - Perform likelihood-based pruning (Allauzen et al 2007)
- Pruning in Search:
  - If number of states, non-terminal category and source span meet certain conditions, then:
    - Expand Pointers in translation Lattice and Compose with Language Model
    - Perform likelihood-based pruning of the lattice
    - Remove Language Model

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#### Translation Experiments I

- HCP: Hierarchical Cube Pruning decoder, k-best=10000
- NIST MT08 Arabic-to-English and Chinese-to-English translation tasks.
  - Hiero Shallow for Arabic (Iglesias et al. 2009)
  - Hiero Full for Chinese
- MET optimization done in the usual way with n-best lists. Features:
  - target language model
  - translation models, lexical models
  - word and rule penalties, glue rule
  - three rule count features (Bender et al. 2007)

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#### Translation Experiments II

- English LM: 4-gram over 965 million word subset English Gigaword Third Edition
- Rescoring steps:
  - Large-LM rescoring of 10000-best list with 5-gram zero cut-off stupid back-off language models (T. Brants et al. 2007)
    - ~4.7B words of English nw, vocabulary used based on the phrases covered by the parallel text
    - Implemented with WFSTs (failure transitions)
  - Minimum Bayes Risk (MBR). Rescore 1000-best hyps

# Translation Experiments III

- No pruning in search  $\rightarrow$  speed increased, HCP search errors: 18%
- Richer search space: increased gains from 5Gram LM + Minimum Bayes Risk rescoring

	decoder	mt02-05-tune		mt02-0	5-test	mt08	
		BLEU	TER	BLEU	TER	BLEU	TER
а	HCP	52.2	41.6	51.5	42.2	42.5	48.6
	+5g+MBR	53.2	40.8	52.6	41.4	43.4	48.1
b	HiFST	52.2	41.5	51.6	42.1	42.4	48.7
	+5g+MBR	53.7	40.4	53.3	40.9	44.0	48.0

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# Translation Experiments IV $_{ZH \rightarrow EN}$

- More efficient search: 48% reduction in search errors
- HCP improves if using HiFST MET parameters (b)
- HiFST is comparable to HCP in first pass
- HiFST produces richer/better hypotheses for rescoring

	decoder	MET	tune-nw		test-nw		mt08	
			BLEU	TER	BLEU	TER	BLEU	TER
а	HCP	HCP	31.6	59.7	31.9	59.7	-	-
b	HCP	HiFST	31.7	60.0	32.2	59.9	27.2	60.2
	+5g+MBR		32.4	59.2	32.7	59.4	28.1	59.3
С	HiFST	HiFST	32.0	60.1	32.2	60.0	27.1	60.5
	+5g+MBR		32.9	58.4	33.4	58.5	28.9	58.9

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- We have introduced HiFST, a new hierarchical decoder based on WFSTs
  - Easy to implement, as complexity is hidden by OpenFST library
- Delayed translation effectively reduces complexity during lattice construction
- Pruning in search is completely avoided for AR → EN, yielding a very fast translation
- ZH → EN requires pruning, but it is more selective than HCP (i.e. fired by non-terminal, number of states, span, etc)

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- Fewer search errors in the k-best translation hypotheses improves rescoring and MBR
- MET parameter optimization is improved using HiFST
- HiFST will be available to download soon

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## Thank you!

Questions?

Iglesias,de Gispert,R. Banga,Byrne Hierarchical Phrase-Based Translation with WFSTs

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